

TITLE 8 - MUNICIPAL UTILITIES

Chapter 8.01 - General Provisions

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CHAPTER 8.01- GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 8.0101 Application. Any consumer desiring any utility service furnished by the City, including water or sewer, shall make application for the same to the utility office. Such application shall contain the applicant's name, address, and the uses for which such service is desired. A separate application shall be made for each premises to be served. The applicant shall abide by the rules and regulations established by the City relative to utility service in effect at the time of such application and as revised from time to time in addition to conditions and agreements as the City Council shall deem advisable. The application fee shall be twenty-five dollars. The application fee may be adjusted by resolution of the City Council.
- 8.0102 Deposit. Any applicant for City utility service shall make a deposit in the amount of one hundred dollars. The deposit is also an indemnity against theft, misplacement, or injury to City equipment. The deposit shall be returned when the applicant has given due notice of discontinuing utility service and is free from indebtedness to the City. The deposit may be adjusted by resolution of the City Council.
- 8.0103 Rates. Rates for the use of utilities furnished by the City shall be established by resolution by the Colton City Council.
- 8.0104 Consumer's Bills. All utility bills rendered are net, due and payable on receipt and delinquent if not paid by the fifteenth day of the following month. If bills are not paid by the due date, a ten percent (10%) additional charge shall be assessed. Provided, however, when a due date falls on a weekend or holiday, bills will not be delinquent until the close of business the next following work day. Bill payments mailed to the City must be received by the City on the day after the due date. Postmarks shall not be considered.
- 8.0105 Unpaid Bills. If a bill for utility services is not paid in full as provided in 8.0104, the customer shall be given notice by mail or by personal service to such owner, occupant or person, or by posting on the property that service shall be terminated within five working days of the date of mailing, personal service or posting unless the customer shall:
- A. Pay the amount in full;
 - B. Pay the undisputed portion of the account and file a written appeal with the City Finance Officer of the disputed portion. Service will be continued until such appeal is heard by the City Council.

Failure by any person to actually receive any document sent to him by certified mail or to sign and return any receipt card acknowledging receipt by certified mail shall not invalidate service made upon such person by certified mail. Such notice is deemed completed at the

time it is mailed, hand delivered or posted, and any period to reply or abate begins to run from the date of mailing, personal service or posting.

- 8.0106 Disconnect. The City may disconnect utility service for any of the following reasons:
- A. Failure to pay all charges and penalties;
 - B. Default on an agreement to liquidate a continuing debt;
 - C. Failure to grant the City access to read and inspect meters;
 - D. Customer tampering; and
 - E. Failure to obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from the City.
- 8.0107 Extension. A single thirty day extension shall be allowed before disconnection of service upon receipt of a physician's certificate or notice from a public health or social service official that a disconnection of utility services will aggravate an existing medical condition of the customer or other permanent resident of the premises.
- 8.0108 Restoration of Service. All utilities disconnected for nonpayment must pay a reconnect fee as set by resolution by the City Council plus payment in full of the account before any utilities will be reconnected. Reconnections will be made only during business hours, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. Utilities voluntarily disconnected shall also require a reconnect fee as set by resolution by the City Council and on file in the office of the Finance Officer.
- 8.0109 Owner, Lessee Liable. The owner of property, which is serviced by municipal utilities from the City, shall, as well as the lessee or occupant of the property, be liable to the City for the utility bills, which may be recovered in an action against such owner, lessee or occupant or against any or all of them, jointly or severally. The provisions contained in 8.0104 shall equally apply to the owner of the property as they do to the consumer/lessee or occupant.
- 8.0110 Tampering With City Equipment. It shall be unlawful for any person to, in any manner, tamper with any equipment or facilities of the City of Colton utilities including, but not limited to water lines or sewer lines, water meters, or any other equipment utilized for the benefit of the municipal utilities of the City of Colton. Should the City discover damage to its equipment or an attempt to tamper with such equipment or an attempt to falsify the amount of water or sewer used, or the amount due the City for utility service, the City may serve notice upon the consumer of a hearing that is to be held where the consumer may show cause why service should not be discontinued. This notice shall state the reason for the hearing and the time and place it is to be held.

Should the City Council find that a violation of this section has occurred and that there is no justification for said violation, the City Council may order immediate termination of service and service shall be reinstated only upon conditions established by the City Council. In addition to any criminal penalty, the City of Colton should be entitled to collect a civil penalty of \$200.00 if the person has obstructed with or tampered with any of the municipal owned utilities whether or not such person received additional services without payment or whether or not the City of Colton sustained any actual damages as a result of the obstruction or tampering.

- 8.0111 User Responsible for Operation and Maintenance of Water and Sewer Lines. Each occupied residence must have a usable City domestic water and sanitary sewer service. The City of Colton shall be responsible for the maintenance and proper operation of the domestic watermains, sanitary sewer mains and domestic water service line from the main to the curb stop. Any domestic water service line past the curb stop or sanitary sewer service line from the sanitary sewer main to the structure, shall be the exclusive responsibility of the property owner. Owners at their own expense must keep and maintain their sanitary sewer service lines, from the point of connection at the main line, and all other equipment in good working order and properly protected from frost and other damage. Owners at their own expense must keep their domestic water service line from the point of connection at the curb stop to the structure in good working order and properly protected from frost and other damage. Thirty days after written notice from the City, if the repair has not been replaced, the City shall cause such repairs to be made and the cost of these repairs shall be assessed against the property. In the event that a property owner must excavate to repair a line, it shall be his sole responsibility to fill in such excavation to the satisfaction of the City. It shall be the responsibility of the City to replace the gravel base course and asphalt pavement displaced by such excavation at the cost of the property owner.
- 8.0112 City Not Liable for Damage. No claim shall be made against the City by reason of the breaking of any service pipe or equipment, or for any other damage that may result from shutting off water for repairing or any other purpose, or for any variation in pressure, or ram of water from mains, and no reduction will be made from regular rates because of leaking pipes or fixtures. The City shall not be liable for damage or injury to person or property whether caused by fire, interruption of service, downed lines, blackouts, brownouts, discontinuance of service, or other utility-related problems which shall arise from mechanical breakdowns, electricity supply reductions, and act of God, or other cause beyond the control of the City.
- 8.0113 Construction of Sewer and Water Connections. Whenever a property owner or developer shall deem it necessary to construct sewer and water service connections from the mains to the curb line on any street, highway, alley or public place, in advance of the permanent improvement of such street, highway, alley or public place, it shall be the duty of the owners of property fronting thereon to make such service connections at the cost of the property owner. If no mainline sanitary sewer or domestic waterlines exist in front of said property, it is and shall be the sole responsibility of the property owner to pay for all costs of extending said utilities. All costs associated with the extension and connection of utilities including but not limited to surveying, engineering, road replacement, pipe materials, valves, and miscellaneous items will be the sole responsibility of the property owner.
- 8.0114 Written Notice for Owners. Whenever the City Council shall have ordered, by resolution, any such connections to be made, it shall serve written notice on the owners of said property, either by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by posting on the property, to make said connections by a date fixed, which shall not be less than ten days after such notice is given, or to show cause in writing, filed with the City Finance Officer within said time, why such connections should not be made. At the expiration of the time fixed, the City Council shall consider all the objections so filed and if over-ruled, shall thereupon, by resolution, order the making of such connections as they shall deem necessary. Failure by any person to actually receive any document sent to him by certified mail or to sign and return any receipt card acknowledging receipt by certified mail shall not invalidate service made upon such person by certified mail. Such notice is deemed completed at the time it is

mailed, hand delivered or posted, and any period to reply or abate begins to run from the date of mailing, personal service or posting.

- 8.0115 City Initiated Work and Assessment of Property Owners. When any such connections are ordered, as herein provided, the City Council shall cause the work to be done, and the cost thereof shall be collected from the owners of the property where such connections are made or assessed as a special tax against such property in the manner provided for assessing the cost of constructing sidewalks, so far as applicable.
- 8.0116 Providing Underground Utility Services When Frost Exists; Fee. When any utility customer of the City requests underground utility services for water or sewer and at the time of installation there is frost present, the City shall, in addition to the usual and customary charges established by the City Council for providing such services, charge the customer requesting such service the following:
- A. The hourly equipment rental rate, as established by resolution from time to time by the City Council, for the equipment necessary to install the utility service, for the number of hours necessary to operate such equipment in the installation of the utility service; and
 - B. The hourly rate, per man, for the labor necessary to install the utility service, as established by resolution from time to time by the City Council.

CHAPTER 8.02 - WATER PROVISIONS

- 8.0201 Connection With City Watermain. No person shall make any connection with any City watermain or tap the same or conduct water therefrom upon his premises or use any water therefrom without first making application therefore to the City.
- 8.0202 City Prescribing Connections. All connections hereafter made with the City water mains shall be at the expense of the person desiring the same and shall be made under the supervision of the City. The City may prescribe the place where and the manner in which the connection shall be made, the size of the service pipe to be used, the place where the valve box and fire hydrant shall be placed and the manner and materials in which the plumbing shall be done.
- 8.0203 Meter Installation. All persons hereafter making application to be furnished with water shall be required to install a meter for the measurement of the amount of water used and shall pay for such water used at the rate hereinafter specified but two or more premises will not be supplied with water measured by the same meter unless one person is liable for the payment for the whole of such water furnished; such meter shall be so placed as to measure all water used. When a meter is placed on a pipe connected to a boiler or other hot water apparatus a check valve must be placed between such meter and boiler or other hot water apparatus to protect meter from back pressure of steam or hot water; in case of the breakage of any pipe or meter or if there be a leak in the same, the water shall be shut off until such breakage or leak is repaired.
- 8.0204 Meter Requirements. All meters shall be of the kind prescribed by the City and shall be placed as to be easily read and charged monthly.

- 8.0205 Meter Tests. Customers may have their meters tested upon payment of the actual cost for test. If the meter is found to be in error, the fee shall be refunded. If the test of the meter shows that it fails to register correctly within two percent, the City shall make a charge or allow a credit in proportion to the error, for all water registered in excess of the minimum amounts allowed by the established rates, the same to be retroactive for three billing periods only.
- 8.0206 Unnecessary Waste of Water. It shall be the responsibility of all consumers of water paying the rates mentioned to prevent unnecessary waste of water and to keep all water outlets closed when not in actual use; unpermissible uses; not to permit other persons or families to use water from any of their faucets, hydrants or pipes.
- 8.0207 Connection to Water Mains. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to connect any water pipe or pipe of any kind to any of the water mains of the municipal water works system of the City of Colton or to in any manner tamper with or bore into said water mains for any purpose whatever, except as hereinafter provided.
- 8.0208 Exceptions. The City may but need not allow connections to the water mains of said system upon application of any person desiring the same. Connections shall only be made on streets where water mains are located and in order to bring the water to the curb along said street in which said water mains are located and shall be at the expense of the applicant desiring connection. The City will review and approve plans and specifications for the utility extension. The applicant shall be responsible for all construction and engineering costs associated with the project.
- 8.0209 Standard Workmanship. The connections made to the City of Colton water system shall be of standard workmanship of pipe and made according to the provisions of the ordinances of said City heretofore enacted as to size and quality of pipe, material and workmanship, including curb box and other attachments as approved by the City.

CHAPTER 8.03 - SEWER PROVISIONS

- 8.0301 Definitions.
- A. "Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)" shall mean the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure in five (5) days at 20° degrees Centigrade, expressed in milligrams per liter.
 - B. "Building drain" shall mean that part of the lowest horizontal piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge from the soil, waste and other drainage pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it to the building sewer, beginning five feet (1.5 meters) outside the inner face of the building wall.
 - C. "Building sewer" shall mean the extension from the building drain to the public sewer or other place of disposal also called house connection.
 - D. "Combined sewer" shall mean a sewer intended to receive both wastewater and storm or surface water.

- E. "Easement" shall mean an acquired legal right for the specific use of land owned by others.
- F. "Floatable oil" is oil, fat or grease in a physical state such that it will separate by gravity from wastewater by treatment in an approved pretreatment facility. A wastewater shall be considered free of floatable fat if it is properly pretreated and the wastewater does not interfere with the collection system.
- G. "Garbage" shall mean the animal and vegetable matter resulting from the handling, preparation, making of foods.
- H. "Industrial wastes" shall mean the wastewater from industrial processes, trade or business as distinct from domestic or sanitary wastes.
- I. "Natural outlet" shall mean any outlet, including storm sewers and combined sewer overflows, into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake or other body of surface or groundwater.
- J. "May" is permissive (see "shall", Sec. R).
- K. "Person" shall mean any individual, firm, company, association, society, corporation or group.
- L. "pH" shall mean the logarithm of the reciprocal of the hydrogen ion concentration. The concentration is the weight of hydrogen ions, in grams, per liter of solution. Neutral water, for example, has a pH value of 7 and a hydrogen ion concentration of 10^{-7} .
- M. "Properly shredded garbage" shall mean the wastes from the preparation, cooking and dispensing of food that have been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than ½ inch (1.27 centimeters) in any dimension.
- N. "Public sewer" shall mean a common sewer controlled by a governmental agency or public utility.
- O. "Sanitary sewer" shall mean a sewer that carries liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants and institutions together with minor quantities of ground, storm and surface waters that are not admitted intentionally.
- P. "Sewage" is the spent water of a community. The preferred term is "wastewater" see Subsection X.
- Q. "Sewer" shall mean a pipe or conduit that carries wastewater or drainage water.
- R. "Shall" is mandatory (see "may", Sec. J).
- S. "Slug" shall mean any discharge of water or wastewater which is concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow exceeds for any period of duration than fifteen minutes more than five times the average twenty-four hour concentration or during normal operation.

- T. "Storm drain" (sometimes termed "storm sewer") shall mean a drain or sewer for conveying water, groundwater, subsurface water or unpolluted water from any source.
- U. "Superintendent" shall mean the superintendent of wastewater facilities and/or of wastewater treatment works and/or of water pollution control of the City of Colton, or his authorized deputy, agent or representative.
- V. "Suspended solids" shall mean total suspended matter that either floats on the surface of or is in suspension in water, wastewater or other liquids and that is removable by laboratory filtering as prescribed in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" and referred to as non-filterable residue.
- W. "Unpolluted water" is water of quality equal to or better than the effluent criteria in effect or water that would not cause violation of receiving water quality standards and would not be benefited by discharge to the sanitary sewers and wastewater treatment facilities provided.
- X. "Wastewater" shall mean the spent water of a community. From the standpoint of source, it may be a combination of the liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants and institutions together with any groundwater, surface water and storm water that may be present.
- Y. "Wastewater facilities" shall mean the structures, equipment and processes required to collect, carry away and treat domestic and industrial wastes and dispose of the effluent.
- Z. "Wastewater treatment works" shall mean an arrangement of devices and structures for treating wastewater, industrial wastes and sludge. Sometimes used as synonymous with "waste treatment plant" or "wastewater treatment plant" or "water pollution control plant".
- AA. "Watercourse" shall mean a natural or artificial channel for the passage of water either continuously or intermittently.
- BB. "City" shall mean the City of Colton, South Dakota.

8.0302 Use of Public Sewers Required.

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, deposit or permit to be deposited in any unsanitary manner on public or private property within the City or in any area under the jurisdiction of said City, any human or animal excrement, garbage or other objectionable waste.
- B. It shall be unlawful to discharge in the City or in any area under the jurisdiction of said City, any sewage or other polluted waters, except where suitable treatment has been approved in accordance with subsequent provisions of Section 8.03.
- C. It shall be unlawful to construct or maintain any privy, privy vault, septic tank, cesspool or other facility intended or used for the disposal of wastewater unless a public sanitary sewer system is not available within 200 feet of the property line and the private sewer system is approved by the State of South Dakota.

- D. The owner(s) of all houses, buildings or properties used for the human occupancy, employment, recreation or other purposes situated within the City and abutting on any street, alley or right-of-way in which there is now located or may in the future be located a public sanitary sewer of the City, is hereby required at the owner(s) expense to install suitable toilet facilities therein and to connect such facilities directly with the proper public sewer in accordance with the provisions of Section 8.03 within thirty days after date of official notice to do so.

8.0303 Sanitary Sewers, Building Sewers and Connections.

- A. No unauthorized person shall uncover, make any connections with or opening into, use, alter or disturb any public sewer or appurtenance thereof without first obtaining permission from the City.
- B. There shall be two classes of building sewer permits: (a) For residential and commercial service and (b) for service to establishments producing industrial wastes. In either case the owner(s) or his agent shall make application on a special form furnished by the City. The permit application shall be supplemented by any plans, specifications or other information considered pertinent in the judgment of the City. A permit and inspection fee shall be established by resolution by the Colton City Council.
- C. All costs and expense incidental to the installation, connection and maintenance of the building sewer shall be borne by the owner(s). The owner(s) shall indemnify the City from any loss or damage that may directly or indirectly be occasioned by the installation of the building sewer.
- D. A separate and independent building sewer shall be provided for every building; except where one building stands at the rear of another on an interior lot and no private sewer is available or can be constructed to the rear building through an adjoining alley, court, yard or driveway, the building sewer from the front building may be extended to the rear building and the whole considered as one building sewer, but the City does not and will not assume any obligation or responsibility for damage caused by or resulting from any such single connection afore mentioned.
- E. Old building sewers may be used in connection with new buildings only when they are found, on examination and test by the City, to meet all requirements of 8.03.
- F. The size, slope, alignment, materials of construction of all sanitary sewers including building sewers and the methods to be used in excavating, placing of the pipe, jointing, testing and backfilling the trench, shall all conform to the requirements of the buildings and plumbing code or other applicable rules and regulations of the City. In the absence of suitable code provisions or in amplification thereof, the materials and procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) and Water Pollution Control Federation (WPCF) Manual of Practice No. 9 or Ten States Standards shall apply.
- G. Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. In all buildings in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sanitary sewage carried by such building drain shall be lifted by an approved means and discharged to the building sewer.

- H. No person(s) shall make a connection of sump pumps, roof downspouts, foundation, drains, areaway drains or other sources of surface runoff or groundwater to a building sewer or building drain which in turn is connected directly or indirectly to a public sanitary sewer unless such connection is approved by the City for purposes of disposal of polluted surface drainage.
- I. The connection of the building sewer into the public sewer shall conform to the requirements of the building and plumbing code or other applicable rules and regulations of the City or the procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) and the Water Pollution Control Federation (WPCF) Manual of Practice No. 9 or Ten States Standards. All such connections shall be made gas tight and watertight and verified by proper testing. Any deviation from the prescribed procedures and materials must be approved by the City before installation.
- J. The applicant for the building sewer permit shall notify the City when the building sewer is ready for inspection and connection to the public sewer. The connection and testing shall be made under the supervision of the City.
- K. All excavations for building sewer installation shall be adequately guarded with barricades and lights so as to protect the public from hazard. Streets, sidewalks, parkways and other public property disturbed in the course of the work shall be restored in a manner satisfactory to the City.

8.0304 Use of the Public Sewers.

- A. No person(s) shall discharge or cause to be discharged by sump pump or other means any unpolluted waters such as storm water, exterior foundation drains, areaway drains, down spouts, surface water, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage or cooling water to any sewer, or drain which in turn is connected directly or indirectly to a public sanitary sewer. Storm water runoff from limited areas, which storm water may be polluted at times, may be discharged to the sanitary sewer by permission of the City.
- B. Storm water other than that exempted under 8.0304(A), and all other unpolluted drainage shall be discharged to such sewers as are specifically designated as combined sewers or storm sewers or to a natural outlet approved by the City and other regulatory agencies. Unpolluted industrial cooling water or process waters may be discharged, on approval of the City, to a storm sewer, combined sewer or natural outlet.
- C. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described water or wastes to any public sewers:
 - 1. Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid, or gas.
 - 2. Any waters containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to contaminate the sludge of any municipal system to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, create a public nuisance or create any hazard in or have an adverse effect on the waters receiving any discharge from the treatment works.

3. Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than (5.5) or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment and personnel of the wastewater works.
4. Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers or other interference with the proper operation of the wastewater facilities such as, but not limited to, ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, paper hand towels, entrails and paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders.

- D. The following described substances, materials, water or waste shall be limited in discharges to municipal systems to concentrations or quantities which will not harm either the sewers, wastewater treatment process or equipment, will not have an adverse effect on the receiving stream or will not otherwise endanger lives, limb, public property or constitute a nuisance.

The City may set limitations lower than the limitations established in the regulations below if in its opinion such more severe limitations are necessary to meet the above objectives. In forming its opinion as to the acceptability, the City will give consideration to such factors as the quantity of subject waste in relation to low flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sewers, the wastewater treatment process employed, capacity of the wastewater treatment system, degree of treatability of the waste in the wastewater treatment system and other pertinent factors. The limitations or restrictions on materials or characteristics of waste or wastewater discharged to the sanitary sewer which shall not be violated without approval of the City are as follows:

1. Wastewater having a temperature higher than 150 Fahrenheit (65 Celsius).
2. Wastewater containing more than 25 milligrams per liter of petroleum oil, non-biodegradable cutting oils or product of mineral oil origin.
3. Wastewater from industrial plants containing floatable oils, fat or grease.
4. Any garbage that has not been properly shredded. Garbage grinders may be connected to sanitary sewers from homes, hotels, institutions, restaurants, hospitals, catering establishments or similar places where garbage originates from the preparation of food in kitchens for the purpose of consumption on the premises or when served by caterers.
5. Any waters or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc and similar objectionable or toxic substances to such degree that any such material received in the composite wastewater at the wastewater treatment works exceeds the limits established by the City for such materials.
6. Any waters or wastes containing odor-producing substances exceeding limits which may be established by the City.

7. Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established compliance with applicable state or federal regulations.
 8. Quantities of flow, concentrations, or both which constitute a "slug" as defined herein.
 9. Waters or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by wastewater treatment processes employed or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the wastewater treatment plant effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharge to the receiving waters.
 10. Any water or wastes which, by interaction with other water or wastes in the public sewer system, release obnoxious gases, form suspended solids which interfere with the collection system or create a condition deleterious to structures and treatment processes.
- E. If any waters or wastes are discharged or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which waters contain the substances or possess the characteristics enumerated in Section 4 of this Article and which in the judgment of the City, may have a deleterious effect upon the wastewater facilities, processes, equipment or receiving waters or which otherwise create a hazard to life or constitute a public nuisance, the City may:
1. Reject the wastes,
 2. Require pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers,
 3. Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge, and/or
 4. Require payment to cover the added cost of handling and treating the wastes not covered by existing taxes or sewer charges under provisions of Section A.

When considering the above alternative the City shall give consideration to the economic impact of each alternative on the discharger. If the City permits the pretreatment or equalization of waste flows, the design and installation of the plants and equipment shall be subject to the review and approval of the City.

- F. Grease, oil and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the City, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing floatable grease in excessive amounts as specified in Section 8.0304(D)(3) or any flammable wastes, sand or other harmful ingredients; except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity approved by the City and shall be located as to be readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection. In the maintaining of these interceptors, the owner(s) shall be responsible for the proper removal and disposal by appropriate means of the captivated material and shall maintain records of the dates and means of disposal which are subject to review by the City. Any removal and hauling of the collected materials not performed by the owner must be performed by currently licensed waste disposal firms.

- G. Where pretreatment or flow-equalizing facilities are provided or required for any waters or wastes, they shall be maintained continuously in satisfactory and effective operation by the owner at his expense.
- H. When required by the City, the owner of any property serviced by a building sewer carrying industrial wastes shall install a suitable structure together with such necessary meter and other appurtenances in the building sewer to facilitate observation, sampling and measurement of the wastes. Such structures, when required, shall be accessibly and safely located and shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the City. The structure shall be installed by the owner at his expense and shall be maintained by him so as to be safe and accessible at all times.
- I. The City may require a user of sewer services to provide information needed to determine compliance with Chapter 8.03. These requirements may include:
 - 1. Wastewaters discharge peak rate and volume over a specified time period.
 - 2. Chemical analyses of wastewater.
 - 3. Information on raw materials, processes and products affecting wastewater volume and quality.
 - 4. Quantity and disposition of specific liquid, sludge, oil, solvent or other materials important to sewer use control.
 - 5. A plot plan of sewers of the user's property showing sewer and pretreatment facility location.
 - 6. Details of wastewater pretreatment facilities.
 - 7. Details of systems to prevent and control the losses of materials through spills to the municipal sewer.
- J. All measurements, tests and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in Section 8.0304 shall be determined in accordance with the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater", published by the American Public Health Association. Sampling methods, location, times, durations and frequencies are to be determined on an individual basis subject to approval by the City.
- K. No statement contained in this article shall be construed as preventing any special agreement or arrangement between the City and any industrial concern whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be accepted by the City for treatment.

8.0305 Damage of Wastewater Facilities. No person shall maliciously, willfully or negligently break, damage, destroy, uncover, deface or tamper with any structure, appurtenance or equipment which is a part of the wastewater facilities. Any person violating this provision shall be subject to immediate arrest under charge of disorderly conduct.

8.0306 Powers and Authority of Inspectors. The City representative or authorized designee shall be permitted to enter all properties upon reasonable notice for the purposes of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, and testing pertinent to utility service to the community system in accordance with the provisions of this Title.